

THAW CONFIDENT OF HIS POSITION; WILL DEMAND WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Has No Fear of Being
Sent Back to United
States.

OFFICIALS ARE ASKING FOR DELAY

Canadian Gov. But Experts
Declare That Thaw Is Insane,
and Must Therefore Be De-
ported as an Undesirable Alien.
New York Attorney-General
Fears That Dominion Will
Send Prisoner Back to New
Hampshire, and Asks That
Trial Be Delayed Until His
Representatives Can Be Pres-
ent—Aged Mother of Prisoner
Refuses to Believe That Her
Son Has Been Taken, and Col-
lapses When Told of His Cap-
ture.

To Ask for Delay

Sherbrooke, Que., August 19.—
United States Consul Daniels an-
nounced to-night that he would go
before Judge Mulron tomorrow
and ask that the habeas corpus
proceedings be brought in be-
half of Harry K. Thaw be post-
poned until 2 P. M. This will
give District Attorney Conger an
opportunity to appear.

Sherbrooke, Que., August 19.—
Tired and sleepy, but apparently
unworried by his capture, Harry K.
Thaw arrived here late to-day from
Coaticook in the custody of two of-
ficers of the Judicial District of St.
Francis.

Previous to his departure from
Coaticook, he had been arraigned be-
fore the local magistrate as an in-
sane person and remanded to jail at
Sherbrooke, which is the headquar-
ters of the district.

The same train that carried Thaw
also carried his attorney, W. L.
Shurtliff, and the two men who were
with Thaw when he was arrested.
The two men slipped away from the
train when it arrived, and several
hours later had not been located.
They are believed to be members of
the party that helped Thaw escape
from Mattawan Sunday, and can be
held under the warrants issued in
New York State charging them with
conspiracy.

The proceedings by which Thaw
was remanded were brief. He was
represented by his attorney, and the
Dominion by Hector Vearett, K. C.
On the statement of the case by
Counsel Vearett, Justice of the
Peace Dupey ordered the prisoner
taken to Sherbrooke.

As soon as Thaw had been ordered
held he wired to New York for a
large sum of money. The prisoner
refused to make any statement to
newspaper men who came here on
the train with him. He had been in-
structed by his attorney to say nothing.

Chief Tells His Story.
Chief of Police Boudreau, of
Coaticook, was one of the officers
that guarded the prisoner on the
train journey.

"Our prisoner has admitted to me
that he is Harry K. Thaw," said the
chief. "His tall and erect stature
and dark complexion, coupled with
his dark, staring eyes, certainly bear
out all descriptions of Thaw that I
have ever seen. The eyes would at-
tract attention anywhere."

"He did not have glasses on when
we arrested him, and has not had
them on since. He seems to be all
right, but tired, and looks as if he
needed sleep. His eyes probably
have a more searching and fixed ex-
pression on that account."

"We are taking good care of
him." Thaw on his arrival here showed
no trace of excitement, but at times
he was a little impatient. He was
not searched, as Chief Boudreau ex-
plained it, because he is not being
held for any crime.

"He took his arrest as a matter of
course apparently," said the chief,
"and said we had no right to hold
him because he had committed no
crime."

Companions Escape.
Apparently a slip on the part of
the authorities was responsible for
the escape of Thaw's companions.
Chief Boudreau seemed to be some-
what flustered about that phase of
the matter to-night.

"There was nothing on which we
could hold them," he said. "They
left Coaticook in the same buggy in
which they had driven in with Thaw."

This version differed from the
story of several men who saw the
couple on the afternoon train to
Sherbrooke.

The chief said the two men re-
fused to give their names, but de-
scribed them thus:
"One was short and stout, with a
(Continued on Second Page.)

MARTIN H. GLYNN WILL PROCLAIM HIS AUTHORITY

To Make Statement To-
Day on Advice of
Leaders.

EXECUTIVE CLERKS TO DESERT SULZER

Impeached Governor Will Have
Only Secretary and Door-
keeper—Postmaster at Al-
bany Refuses Mail to
Glynn Without Orders
From Washington.

BY JAMES J. MONTAGUE.

Albany, N. Y., August 19.—A state-
ment which is virtually a proclamation
of his authority as acting Governor
was prepared this afternoon by Martin
H. Glynn, after a consultation with the
Democratic leaders, including Senators
Wagner, Frawley and Blauvelt, and
Speaker Smith, of the Assembly. It
will be issued to-morrow, unless pre-
sent plans are changed. Following the
action, the force of executive clerks
will be directed to report to Mr. Glynn,
and William Sulzer will be left in the
executive room with his secretary and
the doorkeeper.

Informed of Glynn's proclamation,
Mr. Sulzer sent for the locksmith, who
changed the combination of the lock
in which is kept the privy seal and the
private State papers. This action was
Mr. Sulzer's only reply to the opinion
of the Attorney-General that he is no
longer the Governor of the State.

In order that Mr. Glynn's decisive
action may be backed up by public
opinion, the Frawley committee decided
to-day to return to New York in an
endeavor to collect more evidence of
"mal and corrupt" conduct on the part
of Mr. Sulzer. It is no secret that a
publicity campaign launched by Sulzer's
friends has given them some unpleas-
ant. Lynn J. Arnold, who is at the
head of the campaign, may be called
before the Frawley committee as a
witness or to the bar of the Assembly
to show cause why he should not be
punished for contempt for the attacks
he has made on the impeachment.

Assemblyman Leader Levy, who will
be the chairman of the board of man-
agers, to-day issued the following
statement:

"The managers appointed by the
Assembly to conduct the impeachment
proceedings of Governor Sulzer met in
the office of Majority Leader Levy, in
Room 235, of the Capitol.

"The board wishes it known that
it is extremely desirous that the pro-
ceedings shall be conducted in a full,
fair and impartial manner, and it re-
fuses to be drawn into any undignified
controversies save that it deplores the
fact, urged by unscrupulous persons,
that this case has been prejudged. The
board is carefully considering the evi-
dence presented to it, and marshaling
the same, with a view of presenting it
before the court of impeachment, com-
posed of this State and of the United
States, and facilitating the trial, that full
and equal justice may be done.

"The proofs will be prepared to the
highest of impeachment, and the only
issue is the guilt or innocence of the
impeached Governor. Cooperation and
effort is being made to cloud and befog
this real and only issue. Technicalities
will not be indulged in by the man-
agers, before the Frawley committee
and Eugene Richards, who will be en-
gaged. The committee is considering
the getting of additional counsel, and
it is very likely that other eminent
lawyers will be soon engaged to act
in conjunction with the men named
and the managers.

No Quorum to Be Had.
Both houses met to-day, but neither
could muster a quorum, and as a con-
sequence the message Acting Governor
Glynn had expected to turn in was
withheld. It is doubtful if enough
members can be got here for a regular
session to-morrow, and in any event
an adjournment will be taken till Sep-
tember 1.

The Senate met and promptly ad-
journed. The Assembly decided holding
for contempt Louis Zaretsky and Fred-
erick E. Colwell, the two witnesses
called before the Frawley committee
who refused to give testimony. Colwell
it is understood is in Canada. Zaretsky
left here Friday night for New York
and is expected to return to-morrow.

Zaretsky and Colwell, alleged Wall
Street dummies for William Sulzer, will
be ordered arraigned for contempt be-
fore the Assembly to-morrow if the
Murphy-Frawley leaders can bring this
about. James C. Murchison will be
ordered to prove to the Frawley com-
mittee his charge that the votes of four
members of the Assembly were bought
to insure the impeachment of Sulzer,
under penalty of being sent to jail.

Mr. Glynn's behalf to-day a de-
mand was made on the postal authori-
ties for the mail addressed to the Gov-
ernor of New York.
The postmaster reported that this
was deposited in the box allotted to the
Governor of New York, and could not
be changed without orders from Wash-
ington. Nothing will be done until
the Postmaster-General has an oppor-
tunity to rule.

Mr. Herick, counsel for Mr.
Sulzer, was asked to-day if the Gov-
ernor intended to take the stump and
work up public opinion for himself be-
fore the impeachment trial.

"That is absurd," said Mr. Herick;
"it would be indirect violation of the
injunction of silence his counsel has
laid on him. You can say definitely
he will do nothing of the sort."

Turkey Hides for Adrianople.
[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]
Constantinople, August 19.—A prop-
osal by Turkey to evacuate all ter-
ritory west of the Bosphorus, 97 E.
Main Street. Phone Madison 272—Adv.

LOW ROUND TRIP TO CALIFORNIA.
Diverse route. Liberal stop-over privileges.
Open window route. Cool tourist sleeping
cars, personally conducted, without change,
except Sunday. Berth \$3.00. Wash-
ington-Sunset Route, 907 East Main Street.

GLASS CURRENCY MEASURE RECEIVES SERIOUS SETBACK

Senators Owen Is Op-
posed to Two of Its
Features.

MANY DEMOCRATS FAVOR LEA BILL

Leaders Declare Administration
Measure Must Be Amended to
Provide for Rediscounting of
Paper on Same Basis as
Commercial and In-
dustrial Notes.

Washington, August 19.—Unexpected
developments in regard to the cur-
rency reform legislation in the Senate
to-day promised serious complications
for President Wilson's plans for the
passage of a currency bill at this ses-
sion of Congress. At a conference of
Democratic members of the Senate
Currency Committee, Chairman Owen,
who has been considered one of the
original framers of the bill now be-
fore the Democrats of the House, made
known to several associates that he was
opposed to several features of the bill,
including the plan for twelve regional
reserve banks, and that he would re-
commend important changes in the
measure.

The result of the Senate conference
has been to leave the currency situa-
tion entirely open to-night so far as
the Senate's probable action is con-
cerned. Senator Owen did not suggest
a definite plan to his colleagues, but
said he was opposed to the original
plan, to the proposal to compel
all national banks to accept the new
Federal system, and to other features
of the bill, as it was introduced by
Chairman Glass, of the House Curren-
cy Committee.

The attitude of other Democrats on
the Senate committee, including Sen-
ators Hitchcock, O'Gorman and Reed,
is such as to indicate that there will
be material changes in the adminis-
tration measure, if not a complete re-
modeling of it, before it comes to the
Senate for action.

Lea Bill.
Several members of the committee
to-night inclined to the opinion that
the Senate ultimately might be asked
to consider some measure of a tempo-
rary character, similar to the bill re-
cently introduced by Senator Lea,
Democrat, which would amplify the
Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency
law, and so change its provision as to
bring a form of special currency
within the reach of all national banks.

Senator Owen to-night said he be-
lieved the conference should be held in
the Senate, and the changes that
might be made in the currency reform
plan, would mean definite action upon
currency legislation at the present
Congress. Other Senators said if a
measure was passed it probably would be
of a temporary character.

The change in the situation in the
Senate came at a time when adminis-
tration supporters were endeavoring
to reconcile all elements among Demo-
crats in the House caucus and bring
about united support of the measure
there.

Those who participated in to-day's
committee conference declared to-
night that no definite plans existed
for the remodeling of the Glass bill.
The principles embodied in the Lea
bill remain much support from Demo-
crats, however, and represent the
character of legislation that many
would like to see enacted. Under the
Lea bill, banks could organize local
currency associations with a minimum
capital of \$1,000,000, and a mini-
mum capital of \$1,000,000, and obtain
currency from the Secretary of the
Treasury on approved securities.
through subtreasuries.

Clearer Language.
Democratic leaders in the House
have virtually agreed that the admin-
istration bill now pending in the cam-
pus shall be amended so as to specif-
ically provide for the same rediscount-
ing rights to paper based on ware-
house receipts or other evidence of
commodity value, as to products are
accorded commercial and indus-
trial paper. Chairman Glass insists
that the bill as drawn sufficiently pro-
vides for the credit of the farmer, but
Speaker Clark, Democratic Leader
Underwood, Representative A. Mit-
chell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, and
other leaders favor more specific and
clearer language.

General debate on the bill will con-
tinue in the caucus to-morrow. To-
day Speaker Clark, Representatives
Palmer, of Pennsylvania, and Dies, of
Texas, defended the bill, and Repre-
sentatives Sims, of Tennessee; Murray,
of Oklahoma, and Brockton, of Dela-
ware, attacked it.

Mr. Clark "talked for the farmers."
Mr. Palmer said the bill would in-
crease the amount of the reserves to
meet expanding business, and would
prevent contraction of credit.
Representative Eagle, of Texas, in-
surgent member of the House commit-
tee to-day introduced as a substitute
measure to provide \$500,000,000 of
United States notes, to be deposited
by the United States with national
banking associations under certain
stipulated conditions.

CLAYTON ASKS CONFERENCE

Wants Democratic Senators to Consider
Legality of His Credentials.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
Washington, August 19.—At the in-
stance of Representative Henry D.
Clayton, appointed by Governor O'Neal
as a Senator to succeed the late Sen-
ator Johnston, the Democratic mem-
bers of the Senate will hold a con-
ference to-morrow night to consider
the question of the legality of the cre-
dentials held by Mr. Clayton. Acting
Chairman Overman, of the Judiciary
Committee, said to-day that Mr. Clay-
ton could not be seated by appointment
by the Governor until the Legislature
had granted that authority.

Special Excursion to Danville, Va.,
August 22, via Southern Railway, 10:30 A.
M. \$3.50 round trip—Adv.

ALL AMENDMENTS KILLED IN WAR ON SUGAR SCHEDULE

Senators Ransdell and
Thornton Vote With
Republicans.

AMENDMENT BY BRISTOW IS LOST

Democrats Declare That They
Have a Clear Majority of One
Vote—Sugar Vote Indicates
Fate of Fight Over Free
Wool—Many Senators
Are Paired.

Washington, August 19.—President
Wilson's program for free sugar in
1916 carried the day in the Senate to-
day, when Democrats rallied to the
support of the tariff bill and defeated
all amendments to the sugar schedule.
With all but Senators Ransdell and
Thornton, of Louisiana, standing firmly
for the administration measure, the
Democrats defeated the Bristow
amendment for a compromise duty;
the Norris amendment against free
sugar and the Gallinger amendment
against free maple sugar.

An amendment to abolish immedi-
ately Dutch standard color test for sugar
was adopted during the fight. It was
proposed by Senator Bristow, Repub-
lican, and accepted by Senators Sim-
mons and Williams, Democratic man-
agers of the bill.

The decision on the sugar schedule
came at the end of a debate devoid
of much of the bitterness that had been
expected in connection with this fight.
Senator Bristow's amendment would
have established a gradual reduction
in duty from the present tariff of \$1.00
per hundred pounds until in
six years the tariff would have been
\$1.27-1/2. Under the Cuban treaty this
would have established a 37 cents tariff
on Cuban sugar, which constitutes the
bulk of the imports into the United
States.

A hard fight was made for the
Bristow amendment; but when finally
ready to vote it was defeated, 33 to
34.

A subsequent motion by Senator
Gallinger to strike out the provision
to make maple sugar and glucose free
of duty in 1916 was beaten 37 to 35.

The proposal to put all cane and raw
sugar on the free list in 1916, behind
which President Wilson had mustered
the Democratic majority after a long
persistent effort, came squarely before
the Senate on a motion by Senator
Norris, Republican, to strike out that
feature of the bill. This was defeated
by a viva voce vote. Senator Norris not
demanding a roll call.

This proposal will come up again
when the bill has passed its present
stage of consideration. "In committee
of the whole," and advanced to the
next reading in the Senate. When
made again the motion undoubtedly
will call for a recorded vote, but Demo-
cratic leaders to-night expressed con-
fidence that they would still have a
clear majority of at least one vote.

Senator Works is in California, and
is not paired with any Democratic Sen-
ator. Nine Democrats were paired with
nine Republicans on to-day's vote.
With a further break in the Demo-
cratic ranks, the vote still would be
45 to 47 should all pairs be broken and
all Senators return. Should the Demo-
crats insist upon withdrawing exist-
ing pairs, the advantage would be
largely in favor of the Republicans.

Senator Simmons gave notice that
he would offer further amendments to
the sugar schedule before the bill was
approved, to make it clear that the ex-
isting sugar duty of \$1.00 per hundred
is to continue in force until the new
rate of \$1 per hundred becomes effec-
tive next March.

Action on the sugar schedule to-day
was followed by a speeding up of the
legislative machinery on remaining ac-
crued matters. Democratic leaders ex-
pressed confidence to-night that tariff revision
would be greatly hastened within the
next week. The fight over free wool is
still to occur, but the success to-day
on the sugar schedule was accepted
as an indication of what will happen
when wool is reached.

Before adjournment to-night the
Senate had disposed of the schedule
of duties on agricultural products, and
liquors, with the exception of that pro-
vision relating to the tax on fortified
wines, and the cotton schedule was
taken up and briefly debated. Senator
Lippitt attacking the proposed system
of testimony it sought to introduce, and
yarn based on the trade number of
the product.

Indorses Mitchell for Mayor.

New York, August 20.—The Repub-
lican City Designating committee early
this morning indorsed the entire fusion
ticket headed by John Purroy Mitchell
for Mayor. This means that there will
be no Republican ticket in the field
to split the opposition to Tammany
Hall.

Special Excursion to Greensboro, N. C.,
August 22, via Southern Railway, 10:30 A.
M. \$4.50 round trip—Adv.

U. S. Diplomat in Mexico



NELSON O'SHAUGHNESSY,
Charge d'Affaires at American Embassy in Mexico.

PAWNBROKERS DENY M'MICHAEL CHARGE

Declare They Did Not Raise
\$7,500 to Fight Loan
Shark Bill.

Washington, August 19.—The House
Lobby Investigating Committee to-day
continued to probe the statement of
I. H. McMichael, former chief page
of the House, that Representative
James T. McDermott, of Illinois, had
been given \$7,500 to work against a
"loan shark" bill for the District of
Columbia, by pawnbrokers affected
by the bill.

Two of the three brokers who con-
tributed to a fund to be used against
the bill, denied that Mr. McDermott
had been asked to oppose its
passage. They swore they raised
about \$3,500 for employment of attor-
neys and for presenting printed argu-
ments to Congressmen. Isaac Heiden-
heimer, who gave 40 per cent of the
total, said his acquaintance with Rep-
resentative McDermott was slight,
and his conversations with him about
the loan bill were "only casual."

George D. Horning, leader of the
tribe of brokers, denied McMichael's
statement that he, McDermott, John
McDermott, and McMichael made an
arrangement for the payment of \$7,500
to McDermott to oppose the bill. He
said that he did not talk with John Mc-
Dermott in New York about the legisla-
tion, and that the Illinois Congress-
man and McMichael were present.

Louise McDermott.
Horning corroborated McMichael's
statement that he sent \$200 by express
to Representative McDermott at Chic-
ago, and telegraphed him he had sent
it. He said this was a loan, and added
\$325 to the committee, and that \$500 of
this was taken from the common fund.
He said National Committeemen Costello,
of the District of Columbia, and
Henry Morganthau, in the Democratic
headquarters in New York, had asked
him for personal contributions, and
that he thought a contribution might
help with Democratic Congressmen.

Horning said he made an unsuccess-
ful effort to have some one in Tam-
many Hall, in New York, get friends
of that organization in Congress to
see that the Washington pawnbrokers
got a hearing before the committee.
He did not remember whom he saw that was sup-
posed to have the ear of Tammany
Congressmen, but said he was "turned
down" with the statement that "Tam-
many could not go into such a thing."

The committee will continue Hor-
ning's examination to-morrow.
By common consent, the Senate
avoided discussion of the Mexican
situation, although it had been antici-
pated that Senator Penrose, of Penn-
sylvania, would speak on two resolu-
tions he has pending, calling upon the
administration regarding conditions
in Mexico. Senator Penrose asked
that the resolutions go over.

FRANK TRIAL DRAGGING

Lawyers Wrangle and Indulge in Long
Arguments—Little Evidence Produced.
Atlanta, Ga., August 19.—To-day's
session of the trial of Leo M. Frank for
the murder of Mary Phagan was al-
most a continuous debate between at-
torneys. The State, beginning its re-
buttal, encountered multiple objections
from the defense, as to the competency
of testimony it sought to introduce, and
the jury was frequently retired while
lawyers indulged in long arguments.
Practically no points of importance
were raised by either side.
A number of witnesses testified briefly
in corroboration of minor details of
the State's case. Little evidence of in-
terest was produced.

Special Excursion to Salisbury and
Charlotte, N. C.,
August 22, via Southern Railway, 10:30 A.
M. \$4.50 round trip—Adv.

COMPLETE REPLY FROM HUERTA IS AWAITED BEFORE TAKING NEXT STEP

Officials Hopeful, but
Puzzled by Day's
Developments.

ONLY FIRST PART OF NOTE AT HAND

Lind Reports Cordial Interview
With Provisional President
Brought About at Mexican's
Suggestion—O'Shaughnessy
Makes Authorized Denial of
Statement That Ultimatum De-
manding Recognition by United
States Had Been Issued, and
This Is Accepted at White
House and State Department.
Policy of Peace Indorsed From
Many Sources—Senators, After
Conferring With President,
Ward Off Debate in Upper
Chamber.

Washington, August 19.—Hopeful,
though somewhat puzzled by the
day's developments, administration
officials anxiously awaited to-night
the receipt of the Huerta govern-
ment's complete reply to the Ameri-
can communication presented by
John Lind, personal representative of
President Wilson in Mexico.

President Wilson and Secretary
Bryan had received during the past
twenty-four hours:

A summary from Mr. Lind giving
briefly the Huerta government's re-
jection of the American proposals.
About 1,000 words of the text of
the Huerta reply, reported to be 7-
000 words.

A message from Mr. Lind stating
that he had been in conference at
an early hour to-day with Provi-
sional President Huerta; that the in-
terview had been cordial, and was
brought about at the suggestion of
Huerta himself.

A denial from Charge O'Shaugh-
nessy, authorized by Provisional
President Huerta, declaring that
there was no truth in the report of an ultimatum
demanding recognition by the
United States.

Debate Is Staved Off.
This information, coming in dis-
connected cipher messages, which ad-
ministration officials themselves con-
fessed some difficulty in understand-
ing, was given to members of the
Senate committee on Foreign Rela-
tions, Republicans as well as Demo-
crats, and had the effect of staving
off debate on the Mexican question
following sensational reports of a
threatened severance of relations by
the Huerta government.

Officials, though somewhat skepti-
cal of the outcome of the present ne-
gotiations, took the view that nothing
could be done by the United
States, at least until Mr. Lind actu-
ally concluded his parleys with Huerta.
The cabinet, with whom the
American envoy had established
pleasant unofficial relations.

One thing which confused the situ-
ation to-day was the fact that only
the first part of the Huerta note re-
flecting the American proposal had
been received. This was couched in
cordial terms, setting forth the rea-
sons why mediation or outside inter-
ference is impossible of acceptance
by the Huerta administration. It
ended particularly that the pride of
the Mexican people could not brook
the settlement of an internal contro-
versy at foreign hands, but the prin-
cipal argument was not reached in
this installment of the document.
In the meantime, news that subse-
quently Mr. Lind had resumed ne-
gotiations with Huerta inspired a
feeling of hope that something tangi-
ble might result from the interchange
of views.

Undercurrent of Skepticism.
There was an undercurrent of
skepticism among some officials,
however, were inclined to credit
Senator Urrutia, Mexican Minister of
Interior, with the responsibility for
the reports published to-day that
recognition had been demanded of
the United States, with a threat of
severing relations between the two
countries. At the White House and
State Department the denial author-
ized by Provisional President Huerta
was accepted.

Reports of friction in the Huerta
Cabinet, however, were current, and
Urrutia's alleged declarations were
cited in official circles as possible
evidence of friction. It was pointed
out that Urrutia had issued the first
statement declaring that Mr. Lind
would not be received unless he
brought credentials recognizing the
Huerta government. This position
later was repudiated, not only by
Federico Gamboa, Minister of For-
eign Relations, but by Provisional
President Huerta as well, both of
whom received Mr. Lind, and since
expressed themselves in complimen-
tary terms concerning his personal-
ity, though at the outset Mr. Lind
informed them he did not bring
recognition of the Huerta govern-
ment.

It is believed here in some quar-
ters that Provisional President
(Continued on Third Page.)

Excursion to Asheville, Lake Toxaway and
other Western North Carolina resorts.
Thursday, August 22. Tickets \$6.00 and
regular train. Tickets and reservations at
Southern Railway office, 907 E. Main Street,
—Adv.